FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Oct. 27.

Sun Rises	6.17 A M
Sun Sets	5.08 P M
Day's Length	10 h 51 m
High Water at Southport	8.08 A M
High Water at Wilmington	9.48 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 27.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature, 8 a. m., 56°; 8 p. m., 58°; maximum, 60°; minimum, 55°; mean, 58°.

Rainfall for the day, .08; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 4.44.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. October 26, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The storm is still central off the Carolina coast, but is diminishing in energy and moving slowly off. Rain is now falling from Charleston north to New York. Fair weather prevails west to the Mississippi over the interior. A storm is over the West Gulf coast, causing heavy winds and rain over Texas. A high barometer area and cold wave is entering rapidly from the Northwest, causing a regular blizzard over Nebraska, snow being reported at North Platte, Neb., with a temperature of 38 degrees above zero, and wind velocity reaching 52 miles per hour. The cold wave is spreading rapidly southward over Kansas and Oklahoma.

Local forecast to 12 midnight Wednesday—Fair; warmer; northerly winds, becoming easterly.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain has fallen over North Carolina and Southern Texas, while fair weather has prevailed over the remainder of the cotton belt, with lower temperature. Light frost reported from Okolona Miss.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 25.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 1.7 feet.

OUTLINES.

Dr. Godfrey Hunter, of Kentucky, will be appointed Minister to Guatemala. —— The Government has accepted the proposition of the reorganization committee of the Union Pacific railroad for an increase of the original guarantee bid to a sum sufficient to cover the full amount of the Government claim; the sale will proceed as originally intended about November 1st. —— The Spanish Minister of Finance says a large loan is necessary, as the funds will be exhausted in June, 1898; the Cuban war causes an expenditure monthly of 45 000,000 pesetas. —— Minister Woodford has received the reply of the Spanish Government to Secretary Sherman's note; but it has not yet reached the State Department at Washington; when received it will not be made public, until after the assembling of Congress. —— Montgomery, Ala., reports ten new cases of yellow fever and one death. —— Serious complications have arisen in West Africa between Great Britain and France; both Governments are sending troops to the territory in dispute. —— A passenger train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad wrecked; engineer killed and fireman injured; no passengers hurt. —— The failure of the autonomist policy for Cuba is apparent in Havana, where dissensions are known to exist among the autonomist leaders and the Conservatives are strongly opposed to the measure. —— There are no new cases of fever at Selma and there has been but one death; Mobile reports three new cases, no deaths; at New Orleans over fifty cases and eleven deaths. —— Official announcement is made of yellow fever at New Albany, Miss.; the town is almost depopulated. —— At Wynne, Ark., there are two suspicious cases of fever. —— Wind and snow storm at Denver, Col., caused damage to property estimated at over $100,000; all railroads are blocked. —— Memphis reports seven new cases of yellow fever; no deaths; more than a thousand people have left the city. —— The storm on the Atlantic coast was central last night off Hatteras. —— A large steamer stranded last night at Cape Henry, Va. —— In a church panic in a Russian town, 54 persons were trampled to death. —— A policeman was shot and killed this morning at 1 o'clock in New York by a robber. —— Karl Decker, who rescued Miss Cisneros from prison in Havana, was given a dinner in Washington last night. —— The revolting tribesmen in India are giving the British forces much trouble, and have begun to operate upon their lines of communication. —— New York markets: Money on call easier at 1½ per cent., last loan at 2 per cent. and closed offered at 2 per cent; cotton easy—middling 6 1 16c; flour fairly active; wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red $1 01⅝ afloat; corn—spot firm; No. 2 32½c; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40 @1.45; spirits turpentine steady at 30½ @31¼c.

Some of the editors are criticising Mrs. Lease because she wears diamonds. They seem to be under the impression that she should confine herself to brass.

It is said that Pierpont Morgan is one of the principal owners of the New York *Sun*. Perhaps this will account for some of the erratic revolutions of the *Sun* and some of the spots on it.

It isn't safe in Red Jacket Michigan, to make slighting remarks about foreign nationalities, for although there are only 8,000 inhabitants in that town, there are thirty nationalities represented.

One can hear almost any kind of language on the stump now in New York, including some of the so-called dead languages. This indicates that it is a very live campaign, at least as far as the oratory goes.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 31. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,421

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Lord Kelvin has been doing some figuring in his leisure moments and finds that there are 100,000,000,000,000,000,000 molecules in a cubic inch of gas, and in each of these molecules several atoms scooting around at the rate of seventy miles a minute. We are not disposed to dispute his ciphers, but what we would like to know is how he gauged the speed of these little scooters.

And now a California man claims that he has discovered a method of turning silver into gold. But what do they want to turn silver into gold for? At the rate at which they are pulling gold out of the ground now, according to the gold organs, it won't be long before they will be trying to devise some process for turning gold into silver.

Spain may assert the right to search American vessels, but asserting the right and exercising it are entirely two different things. As long as she contents herself with simply asserting the right she may avoid an unpleasantness with this country which would materially complicate things with her.

There is a diamond in London, valued at $5,000,000, offered for sale. Here is a chance for some of those Western wheat raisers who, according to the organs, are reveling in wealth and have more prosperity than they know what to do with.

The U. S. potato crop is short about one-third this year, and the price has gone up in proportion. The Republican organs have not yet begun to claim credit for their party for this shortness of crop and longness of price.

It is said that the Republicans in New York have hired 25,000 men to work for Tracy, at $10 a day, until after the election. They must have a pull on the residue of the fund left over from the McKinley campaign.

There are in London 5,145 miles of piping supplying water to 845 square miles. The per capita consumption is 33 gallons, which is somewhat larger than the per capita consumption of beer.

Mrs. Charlotte Smith says Van Wyck will not do for Mayor of New York because he isn't married. How would that fellow in Chicago who has six simultaneous wives suit her?

The New York *Sun* calls the Low Republicans "traitors." But it isn't making any votes for Tracy from the Low side by that kind of chat.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. COOPER—Baldwin apples.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN—Don't worry.
KING GROCERY CO—To the housekeepers of Wilmington.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. C. J. Scheelky, of Newbern, was here yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Reisner, of Salisbury, was registered here yesterday.

— W. H. Pope, Esq., of Fayetteville, was registered here yesterday.

— Editor Phillips, of the *Era*, published at Culler, N. C., is in the city.

— Mr. N. A. F. Seawell, of Jonesboro, was among yesterday's arrivals.

—N. A. Sinclair, Esq., of Fayetteville, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. I. J. Scott, of Rose Hill, was in the city yesterday making business calls.

— Mr. G. S. Reid and wife, of Chadbourn, were among yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Mr. D. F. Colwell, of Harrell's Store, was here yesterday calling on the wholesale merchants.

— Among yesterday's hotel registrations were S. McGwigan, N. C.; J. P. Cameron, Rockingham; T. C. Badham, N. C.; R P. Badham, N. C.

— The many friends of Capt. J. W. ("Wash.") Lamb, of Goldsboro, who has been quite sick recently, are glad to learn that he is convalescing rapidly.

— Mr. R E. Williams, of Tillery, has come to this city to take a position as band saw filer with the Cape Fear Lumber Company. He previously held a similar position with the North Carolina Lumber Company at Tillery.

— Dr. Russell Bellamy, who has so many friends in Wilmington, is the private physician of Mr. Stuyvesant Fish, President of the Illinois Central Railroad Company and Vice-President of the Park Avenue Bank of New York. He accompanied Mr. Fish recently on a tour of the West extending as far as San Francisco.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— "The Two Johns," Jack Frost and Yellow Jack, will soon be in deadly combat.

— L'Agile Cotillon Club will give their regular monthly german to-night at Germania Hall.

— Initiation of a new drayman into the mysteries of the profession caused some merriment yesterday afternoon on the wharf.

— The next attraction at the Opera House will be the Woodard-Warren Company in a week's engagement of popular plays, commencing next Monday evening.

— Sometime Saturday night or early Sunday morning, the office of Dr. W. E. Storm, on Market street, between Second and Third, was broken into and two pairs of shoes were stolen.

— The steamship *Oneida* arrived last night from New York about twelve hours behind on account of rough weather at sea. She encountered heavy seas Saturday night and Sunday morning.

—Quarantine officer J. W. Holmes stopped two travelling men at Navassa yesterday afternoon, but Captain of Police Robert Green went to Navassa and finding the certificates of health of the two parties all right permitted them to come to the city.

— 'Squire G. W. Bornemann sat yesterday and meted out justice to three offenders as follows: Rufus Davis, assault and battery; Eddie Freeman, colored, disorderly conduct; Robt. Turner, colored, disorderly conduct. In all three cases judgment was suspended upon payment of costs.

— Heavy receipts of cotton again yesterday, the figures being 3 948 bales, against 2,579 bales same day last year The local market closed steady at 5⅝ cents per pound for middling, against 7¼ cents on the corresponding day of 1896. This means a difference of $8.19⅛ on each bale in favor of last year.

— Referring to the article which appeared in the STAR yesterday concerning a paper being carried around for signatures favoring a commutation of the sentence of George Johnson, ex-Alderman J. O. Nixon writes the STAR that he signed a paper asking for additional electric lights, but not for a commutation of Johnson's sentence.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—547 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 4 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—3,598 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 127 bbls rosin, 32 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—298 bales cotton, 22 casks spirits turpentine, 105 bbls rosin, 52 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—860 bales cotton, 35 casks spirits turpentine, 89 bbls rosin, 68 bbls tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—108 bales cotton, 43 casks spirits turpentine, 288 bbls rosin, 187 bbls tar, 43 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner William—28 bales cotton, 35 casks spirits turpentine, 118 bbls rosin, 5 bbls tar.

Schooner Jno. B.—7 bales cotton, 16 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

Schooner J. D. Pigott—12 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 54 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—4 casks spirits turpentine, 31 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,948 bales; spirits turpentine, 160 casks; rosin, 778 bbls; tar, 384 bbls; crude turpentine, 88 bbls.

FROST WILL BE WELCOME.

People Would Be Glad to See a Frost—It May Come When the Present Rainy Weather Terminates.

There was hardly ever a time when the people of the South were more anxious to see a frost than right now, when the yellow fever is working its deadly mission. While Wilmington has felt all along that with the exercise of proper precaution the dangerous disease could be warded off, our people will nevertheless welcome the time when all possibility of the breaking out of yellow fever is precluded by a killing frost. The average date on which the first killing frost occurs in Autumn is shown from the Weather Bureau's records for the past 26 years to be November 8. So that if it comes on average time this year, its beneficial effects will be felt in a little over a week. The earliest frost of any kind in the past 26 years was October 9, 1889. The latest frost of any kind in the same period fell on the 23rd of November, 1871. There is a good chance for a frost of some kind when the present rainy spell breaks up.

Mayo's Court.

The inmates of the disreputable house on Fourth street, between Church and Castle, "pulled" by the police Monday night, were all arraigned in the Police Court yesterday at noon, and were found guilty of disorderly conduct and fined. The man charged with cutting the sailor, C. Johnson, who has a knife wound on his left side about fifteen inches long, although not deep enough to prove serious, was placed under a $50 bond for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court. He gave the required bond and was released from custody.

Dr. E. A. Alderman to Deliver an Address at Hemenway School.

Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, president of the North Carolina University, will arrive in Wilmington to-morrow, to be present at the dedicatory services of Hemenway School, Friday evening at 8 o'clock, when he will deliver an address. The exercises will be public and everybody is invited.

BONITZ-QUELCH.

Marriage to Take Place This Afternoon at the First Presbyterian Church—Reception Last Night at the Bonitz House.

In the First Presbyterian church this afternoon at 5.30 o'clock Miss Gerda Louise Bonitz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Bonitz, and Mr. Bertram Quelch, all of this city, will be united in marriage.

Last evening from 8 30 to 10.30 o'clock a reception was given at the Bonitz House in honor of the young couple, and the large number of friends who were present attested fully the popularity of the contracting parties in the solemn ceremony which will be celebrated this afternoon. The parlors and halls of the Bonitz were gaily attired in evergreens and all the surroundings bespoke the joyousness of the occasion.

The ushers, who will also act at the marriage this afternoon, were Messrs. J. P. Quelch, Ed. T. Huggins, H. E Bonitz and Willie A. Bonitz, the latter of Washington City. They escorted the visitors first to the reception room, then to the dining room, where a long table bore an abundance of refreshments. The gentlemen were afterwards taken to the smoking room and treated to fragrant cigars.

The array of presents was very extensive. Noteworthy among them was a tablecloth worked with Chinese figures in gold—a present from Mr. Quelch's relatives in China; also a side table, presented by the clerks in the general office of the Atlantic Coast Line. Friends in Lynchburg, Va., Washington, D. C., and Rochester, N. Y., had remembered the young people with suitable and costly presents.

Among the visitors present were Miss Lula Helbig, of Lynchburg, who is to be maid of honor; Mrs. John Sherman, of Lynchburg; and Mr. and Mrs. Katzenberger, of Baltimore. Mr. Fred. Bonitz, of the Raleigh A. & M. College, was present also.

NO YELLOW FEVER NEXT YEAR.

So Says Dr. Guiteras, the Noted Expert on Yellow Fever.

There are thousands of people in the South who are unduly alarmed over the possibility that there may be an outbreak of yellow fever in the South next year simply because it is in several Southern States now. The STAR hopes that the opinion of Dr. Guiteras, the famous yellow fever expert, given below, will be reassuring to who are looking ahead for trouble. In an interview reported in the Atlanta *Constitution* of last Monday, Dr. Guiteras said:

"Dr. Guiteras does not think there will be any fever next year. The government is taking steps to kill the germs now. Arrangements are being made to thoroughly fumigate every house, and every locality where the fever has been in every city and town in the South. It is hoped in this way to wipe out the disease entirely."

The STAR will add that no physician in this country has a higher reputation as an expert in yellow fever than Dr. Guiteras. He has been in the South almost continuously since the outbreak of fever and has visited all the infected districts, gathering information of a reliable and valuable character.

VICTIM OF FEVER.

Mr. L. W. Howard, of Hampstead, Died of Hemorrhagic Fever Yesterday Morning at 9 O'clock.

Mr. Lewis W. Howard, one of the well known and highly respected citizens of Pender county, died of hemorrhagic fever yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, at his residence near Hampstead. He had been in bad health for two weeks, but the disease which resulted in his death did not seize him until Sunday last.

The deceased was between 60 and 65 years of age. He had many friends and acquaintances in this city, several of whom were classmates of his at the State University, of which institution he was a graduate. He served with gallantry in the late war and at the close had won the rank of First Lieutenant in the Third North Carolina cavalry. In 1888 he married Miss Rachel Mallard, of Hampstead, who with five children, two boys and three girls, survives him.

Mr. Howard was one of the most successful fruit growers in this section of the country. Peaches from his orchard were on sale here in season, and were always of a very fine grade.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church.

Rev. Mr. Miller, of Greensboro, has been tendered the rectorship of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, this city, to fill the place made vacant by Rev. F. N. Skinner, who resigned and left for a new field of labor last Spring. This step was taken by the congregation of St. Paul's Church in meeting, Monday night, called by the vestry to consider the question of calling a minister to take charge of the church.

Fire Alarm Out of Order.

The crossing of some of the wires of the fire alarm system caused the fire bell to tap several times yesterday afternoon at 6 30 o'clock. And a few minutes afterwards a telephone message, sent by some unknown party, was received at the Atlantic engine house saying the Wilmington Compress was on fire, and so the department immediately turned out but failed to discover any fire.

Forger and Swindler.

Purser J. Van B. Metts, of the Carolina Yacht Club, has received a communication from Chief of Police Sam Wood, of Erie, Pa., warning people about a forger and swindler, Edward Varian, once a reporter on the Chicago *Times-Herald*, who is going around passing as a representative of some paper and swindling people, especially yachtmen.

Maxton Fair.

The Eighth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 27, 28, 29.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

ROCKINGHAM OUTRAGE CASE.

John Reid, One of the Suspected Negroes, Put in Jail at Wilmington for Safe Keeping—Says He is Innocent.

Deputy Sheriff J. P. Cameron, of Richmond county, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon at 12 05 o'clock, via the Seaboard Air Line, in charge of John Reid, the negro captured about noon last Saturday in Maxton, charged with attempting to feloniously assault Miss Lilly Cole, of Rockingham, (as fully detailed in the STAR), six hours previous to his arrest. Reid was brought here for safe keeping, and after he had been placed in jail a STAR representative had a few minutes conversation with Deputy Cameron, and was informed that Reid and the other negro, John Flake, arrested at Monroe Saturday night, were carried before Miss Cole again yesterday morning, but she was unable to recognize absolutely either one of the negroes as her assailant, although she was rather inclined to believe that Reid was the right man. Consequently Flake was turned loose and Reid was ordered brought to this city for safe keeping, and left Rockingham later under guard of the Maxton military company, which company disembarked at Maxton, while the accused, in charge of Deputy Sheriff Cameron, continued the journey. Deputy Cameron further stated that the people of Rockingham feel almost certain of Reid's guilt, but that a search is still being made for other parties.

At 3.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon Deputy Cameron left on his return trip to Rockingham.

About 4 o'clock in the afternoon a STAR representative, accompanied by Chief of Police John R. Melton, called at the jail to interview the prisoner. Reid said that he could prove an alibi, and made the following statement, viz: "I was born in Wise county, West Virginia. My parents are dead, and I have been staying in North Carolina several years, spending most of that time in Winston. About two weeks ago I went to Rockingham and after spending a week in that place I went to Hamlet and stayed there about two days in the employ of a patent medicine doctor, Will Blanton, white. Early last Friday night I beat a blind baggage and went to Rockingham, but returned the same night at 11 30 o'clock to Hamlet on a vestibule train. I spent that night in company with some cotton compress hands and left the next morning for Maxton, where I was arrested and where I heard for the first time of the crime committed at Rockingham. When the crime was committed at 6 o'clock I was at the railroad depot at Hamlet, and I can get many witnesses who will testify to that fact. I never committed the crime charged against me, and knew nothing about it until I was arrested in Maxton. Saturday night and a part of Sunday I spent in the jail at Bennettsville, S. C. When I was carried before Miss Cole she said she was not certain that I was her assailant and I would have been set free if some negro hadn't about that time come up and stated that he saw me at Rockingham last Saturday morning walking up a hill going in the direction of the place where the crime was committed."

Reid positively asserts his innocence, and seems confident that he can clearly establish an alibi. He is a man of medium stature, bright mulatto, with no hair whatever on his face, and says that he is only 19 years of age. He appears to be a kind of "rolling stone," and states that he has lived in many places in the State.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

ROCKINGHAM, N. C., Oct. 26.—Early this morning the two prisoners, John Reid and John Flake, both colored, accompanied by the Maxton Guards, were taken before Miss Cole and her sisters, who were with her on the morning of the assault. They were unable to identify John Flake and he was immediately discharged. John Reid was neither acquitted nor identified, and for this reason and other circumstantial evidence, which is very much against him, it was thought safest to hold him until further investigation could be made. He was accordingly taken to New Hanover county jail for safe-keeping while awaiting other developments.

There is very little excitement here now; but though seemingly quiet, the authorities still seek for the guilty villain who outraged one of the ladies of our town and are as vigilant and enthusiastic in bringing the guilty one to punishment as upon the day on which the assault occurred, and we hope to advise you soon of the capture and punishment of the guilty party.

The county now offers a reward of $300 for the arrest of the brute.

There was nothing to disturb the usual repose of the town last night, and shortly after 12 o'clock the streets were about deserted.

River Navigation Resumed.

The Cape Fear river is by this time easily navigable up to Fayetteville. Reports reached here yesterday that it had risen two feet by the gauge at Fayetteville. If this was correct, there is now over three feet of water. The *A. P. Hurt*, which has been plying on this end of the river during the drought, will make a trip to Fayetteville to-night. The *Driver* will come in to-night from Elizabethtown, where she has been tied up waiting for a rise in the river, and will leave for Fayetteville to-morrow.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

— Mr. W. H. Williams, registering from North Carolina, was one of yesterday's visitors in the city.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

Mme. Sofia Scalchi and Company of Operatic Artists Greeted by a Large Audience.

Great expectations were fully realized at the Scalchi concert last night. The entertainment was *recherche* in every respect. Each singer was an artist, and the selections evinced rare taste. Mme. Scalchi, the soprano, has a full voice and she utters each and every note clearly and distinctly. She sings, too, with an abandon which is truly refreshing.

Mlle. Toulinquet, prima donna, soprano, has a charming voice and filled her part in the musical role most gratefully. Mlle. Marie de Bedat, mezzo soprano, has a voice which is sweet, rich and clear, and her singing was highly appreciated, having to refuse to respond after several encores.

Mr. Thos. McQueen, tenor, has a sweet voice and his singing was very much appreciated.

Signor Alberti, baritone, was superb; and every strain from his highly cultured voice was entrancing.

The entertainment concluded with a complete performance of the fourth act of Verdi's Grand Opera "Il Trovatore." Composing the cast, Mlle Toulinquet as *Lenora*, Mr. McQueen as *Manrico*, Signor Alberti as *Count di Lema*, and Mme Scalchi as *Azucena* each sustained their part admirably, and proved as in the first part of the concert to have their voices under thorough control. Each one of the company was compelled to respond to an encore, which they did very willingly and to the delight of the audience. Mme. Scalchi is a singer of note and has surrounded herself with artists of marked ability.

Exciting Runaway on Princess Street.

The corner of Third and Chesnut streets was the scene of an incident both exciting and unusual yesterday afternoon, a little after 2 o'clock. The occurrence was the running away of a horse attached to a hearse. The procession was passing up Princess and the hearse was about half a block ahead of the first carriage, when the animal that was drawing the hearse quickened his pace and as if stimulated to greater activity by the efforts of the driver to check him was soon in a sweeping gallop. When he got to Third his speed had slacked down to a very fast trot and if he had been kept straight ahead a catastrophe might have been avoided. But he made a short turn up Third street, the hearse careened over on two wheels, and the offside went higher and higher until the vehicle turned over with a crash of broken glass that brought everybody in the vicinity to their doors and windows to find out what on earth was the matter. The hearse was dragged a few feet before the horse stopped. The two colored boys who were driving were thrown to the ground, but escaped uninjured. Fortunately the hearse was empty. The funeral was in charge of undertaker Thos. Rivera.

The Shooting Scrape at the C. F. & Y. V Freight Shed.

Watchman Joe Venus, who shot at Alex. Fuller, a colored hackman, Saturday night, when Fuller attempted to drive his carriage under the freight shed at the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad which at the time was in charge of Venus and after he had been warned not to do so, was arraigned for trial before Justice Bunting yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. Over a score of witnesses were introduced and their testimony was the same as the account of the occurrence published in the STAR of last Sunday, except that Watchman Venus testified that he fired to frighten Fuller and not to injure him. Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., represented the defendant, and argued that Venus was justified in his action, as he was in charge of the freight shed, and that Fuller had no right to disobey him when he was ordered not to drive under the shed.

Justice Bunting reserved his decision until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time he decided that the force used by Venus to eject Fuller was excessive and unnecessary, and placed the defendant under $50 bond, which he gave, for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court.

Runaway Horses

Princess street had its share of runaway horses yesterday afternoon. About 2.30 o'clock a horse got loose from the stables of H. L. Fennell and, knocking his heels together, ran up and down the street in quite a lively manner, but was finally captured. Later, about 5.30 o'clock, near Water street, a lanky looking horse attached to a dray became joyous, and commenced to kick, rear and rock the dray over the cobble stones in a truly startling manner; but he, too, after about everybody in town had gathered around to see the fun, was subdued and led meekly away.

Dr. Strange in Norfolk.

The Norfolk *Virginian* of yesterday says.

Rev. Dr. Robert Strange, at present rector of St. James Episcopal church, Wilmington, N. C., preached Sunday morning at Christ church, which has recently called him to its vacant rectorship. A larger congregation would undoubtedly have been present but for the storm. Dr. Strange delivered a strong sermon on "Faith," taking for his text "The just shall live by faith." The discourse was an able one, beautiful in thought and expression and withal convincing in logic. The necessity and holiness of doing right were enlarged upon by the speaker, and he compared Christianity with the faith of the ancients

The reverend gentleman has not as yet decided upon his course with regard to the call of the church. He is a beloved pastor at Wilmington and that his congregation will use strenuous efforts to retain him there is no doubt.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.35 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

KINSTON POSTOFFICE.

Fight for the Postmastership Growing Warm—Causing Dissension in Republican Ranks.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

KINSTON, N. C., Oct. 26.

The fight for the appointment as postmaster at Kinston is growing warm, and much interest is manifested in the outcome. The applicants are Mrs. Ada Hunter, postmaster during the administration of President Harrison, and wife of Wm. W. N. Hunter, a Republican politician for many years prominent in county politics, and J. C. Hargett, colored, a well-to-do merchant of this place. If the appointee must be a colored man, none would be more acceptable to the patrons of the office than the latter.

Hargett has the endorsement and influence of Congressman Geo. H. White, believing that Senator Pritchard will not interfere but will be governed entirely by White's selection. On the other hand, Mrs. Hunter is endorsed by the leading Republicans, not only of the county, but of the entire State, and is backed by all the county (fusion) officers and a majority of the County Republican Executive Committee.

The fight against Hargett is a fight against White, as Hunter and his supporters in the county strenuously opposed the nomination of White at the last Congressional convention; on the contrary; Hargett was one of his most earnest supporters.

Now comes the well-founded report that charges against Hargett's character have been filed with the Department at Washington in an attempt to prevent his confirmation by the Senate in the event of his appointment. Senator Pritchard's endorsement is now the doubtful quantity.

The present incumbent's commission expires to-day, but it is not believed that his successor will be named for several weeks yet. It matters not which applicant receives the appointment, much dissension will be caused within the party in this county.

MAXTON'S FAIR.

Special Trains—Fakirs and Shows Arriving in Force—Fine Exhibits—Tournament and Base Ball.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

MAXTON, N. C., October 26.—The special trains to the Maxton Fair Thursday and Friday will reach Pembroke twenty minutes later than advertised, to make connection with A. C. L. trains certain.

The fakirs and shows are here in force, and the Fair ground looks like a circus. Fast horses are here.

The exhibits will be fine, and everything indicates the best Fair of the eight. If the weather clears, a tournament will be the extra feature Thursday and base ball Friday. Skilled Japanese women will entertain the crowd before the grand stand twice each day.

The Maxton Guards have returned from Rockingham, and excitement over the outrage there has somewhat abated.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To the Housekeepers of Wilmington:

FOR 5 CENTS WE WILL SELL YOU A TEN ounce Cake of LAUNDRY SOAP and a black SPOOL OF SILK, 100 yards. The regular price of the Silk alone is 10 cents. No earthly chance of your getting stuck, as either of the articles are worth the amount we ask for the two, 5 Cents.

A lot of Fine Chickens just in.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, Manager,
Bell Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
oc 27 tf

BUY THE BEST.

Housekeepers wishing fine fresh ground

Corn Meal and Grits

should always call for and see that they get our goods.

Boney & Harper.
oct 13 tf

Baldwin Apples,

15 Barrels Apples.
10 Bags Potatoes.
25 Cases Jersey Milk.
10 " Pineapples.
25 " Peaches.
90 " Sardines.
50 " Tomatoes.
15 " Salmon.

W. B. COOPER,
oc 24 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"
Raleigh, N. C.
REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.
my D&W

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAXTON FAIR.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 27th, 28th and 29th.

A special train will leave Wilmington on Thursday and Friday mornings on the following schedule and the following rates will cover the round trip and include admission to the Fair;

Leave Wilmington at	7.15	A. M.	FARE. $2.30
" Crosly at	7.30	"	2.05
" Marlville at	8 09	"	1.85
" Councils at	8 25	"	1.65
" Clarkton at	8.50	"	1.45
" Bladenboro at	9 09	"	1 25
" Lumberton at	9 35	"	1.00
" Moss Neck at	9.53	"	.75
" Pembroke at	10.08	"	.65
[A. C. L. train from the South connec's here.]			
" Fates at	10.08	A. M.	.60
" Red Banks at	10.13	"	.15
Arrive at Maxton	10.33	"	

Returning the special trains leave Maxton at 5.10 P. M., connecting with A. C. L. southbound train at Pembroke, and arrive at Wilmington at 8.48 P. M.

The people at Rowland, Dillon, Florence, &c., need not fear but that the Pembroke connection will be made, as there is a safe margin, and the special will be held in case of unusual delay of the A. C. L. oc 16 1w

Don't Worry About the Rooster.

When considering quality, the basis of cheapness, the consumers of refined taste and moderate means will readily appreciate the economy of buying.

Armour's "Star" Sliced Bacon,
Armour's "Star" Ham.

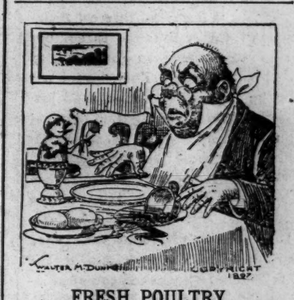
Nothing finer can be produced. Once tried always wanted.

"Fit for a King" is Armour's
"Shield" Brand Leaf Lard.

Guaranteed first quality and at prices within the reach of every one, and sold by all the first class fine grocery trade.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Distributing Agents.
AT WHOLESALE ONLY.
oc 24 tf



FRESH POULTRY

is coming in now every day, fat and tender. A fresh spring goose, or duck, or a tender chicken for roasting, makes a tempting morsel this clear, cold weather. If you prefer a prime roast of beef, leg of lamb or mutton, steak or chop, we will send you the choicest to be procured, fat, juicy and tender.

I. B. RHODES,
oc 22 tf Front Street Market.

PALACE MARKET.

We have this day in connection with our other business opened a place to be known as

The Palace Market,

on the northwest corner of Market and Second streets for the

SALE OF FRESH MEATS.

We have secured the services of Mr. G. E. Tilley, who has had several years experience in the fresh meat business, who will be the manager thereof.

We respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. F. GARRELL & CO.
oc 21 tf

CUT PRICES THIS WEEK
—AT—
The "Unlucky Corner"

on Soused Tripe and Pickled Pigfeet. Have you ever tried them cooked in batter?

A good quality Worcestershire Sauce by the pint, quart or gallon. Send your bottle.

S. W. Sanders.
Telephone 109. oc 26 tf

FOR RENT.

HOUSE CORNER GRACE AND Fourth streets. Modern improvements.

Two houses on Princess between Ninth and Tenth.

House on Dock between Seventh and Eighth.

House corner of Second and Nun.

House on Third between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Also five rooms; modern improvements; with a nice family. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
oc 17 tf Real Estate Agent.

100,000 Cigars.

500 Boxes Tobacco.
50 Bags Coffee.
100 Buckets Candy.
100 Cases Star Lye.
50 Bbls. choice Porto Rico Molasses.
100 Boxes Soap.
For sale at rock bottom prices.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street.
oc 14 tf

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE!

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 27

SECRETARY GAGE'S PLAN.

For some time Secretary Gage has been working on a plan for currency reform, and it is said has gotten it almost into shape. This plan contains not only his own individual views, but the views also of leading financiers of the country with whom he has conferred. It will not be made public until Congress meets and he makes his annual report, when it is said that this plan, with whatever else may occur to the President, will be incorporated in the President's message to Congress. He has, it seems, paid but little attention to the recommendations of the Indianapolis financiers who so patriotically took upon themselves the voluntary job of fixing up a financial system for the country, cornered on the gold dollar. It is reported, however, that two of the main features of Secretary Gage's plan are the conversion of the interest bearing debt into bonds bearing a lower rate, payable presumably in gold, as that is about the only consideration that could induce a bond holder to turn over his bonds and accept in lieu of them bonds bearing a lower rate of interest.

Under the usage of the Treasury these bonds and the interest on them have been paid in gold, but the Government is under no obligation to pay in gold. They call for "coin" only under the law and the Government could pay every one of them in silver if it so desired. The Treasury has simply exercised its option to pay in gold, or rather delegated the option to the creditors and given them the privilege to say the kind of money they preferred, knowing full well that they would prefer the scarcer and more valuable money—gold—which they have done ever since Secretary Foster instructed subtreasuries to comply with the demand. In order to guard against contingencies, and make themselves safe in the event the friends of silver get possession of the Government, they might be willing to exchange a five per cent. interest bearing bond for a four or three per cent. bond, payable in gold and so stated on the face. This would secure the debt, so to speak, and justify them in demanding gold if silver should be offered, as it doubtless would be if the silver men get possession of the Government, as the contracts now stand and as the law reads.

It will be remembered that when Secretary Carlisle made his second issue of bonds he asked the authority of Congress to issue gold bonds, assigning as a reason that he could dispose of the bonds on much better terms and at a lower rate of interest if this were done, but Congress absolutely refused to give him this authority, and the bonds were sold and made payable in coin. As the law now stands, every one of them can be redeemed in silver. Secretary Gage is substantially asking the same thing that Secretary Carlisle asked, the only difference being that he asks the authority to obligate the Government to redeem in gold bonds already issued instead of bonds about to be issued. This is as we understand the programme, and if a Republican Congress refused to authorize Secretary Carlisle to do that we do not see how it can consistently authorize Secretary Gage to do it. It would be doing what all the Congresses have persistently refused to do—that is, to commit this Government to gold payments, or to gold monometallism.

The next feature in this plan recommends the retirement of the greenbacks, or a certain portion of them at once, by issuing $200,000,000 of gold bonds, and retiring their equivalent of greenbacks. This is following the suggestion of Secretary Carlisle and of the Gold Democrats who committed themselves to that in their platform long before the Republicans dared commit themselves to it or even admit that they favored it. But here the Secretary will be again confronted with his gold bond, a thing from which, as we have just stated, all the Congresses have shrunk. He will also be confronted by another fact, that this not only means the retiring of $200,000,000 of non-interest bearing paper, substituting for it an equal amount of interest bearing bonds, which it will be difficult to persuade Congress or the country is a level-headed business transaction, but it means also a contraction of the currency to that amount, when well-founded complaint is made that we have not currency enough.

It will be urged, no doubt, that these bonds may be used as a basis upon which to issue notes, but there would be nothing compulsory about that, for the holders of the bonds might issue notes upon them or not as they chose, and it might be to the interest of bankers not to issue notes, and thus by keeping the volume of currency down make their money more valuable and give it a greater interest-earning power. The system which puts the volume of the currency in the keeping of any one association of men is an unsafe system for they would as a purely business matter keep the supply of money within the demand as nearly as possible, just as the manufacturers of iron or of woollen or cotton goods will keep the supply within the demand as nearly as they can. Banking is a business just as manufacturing or running railroads is, and bankers run their business in the way calculated to bring the most profit to them, and they are not to be condemned any more for that than the manufacturer is for regulating his output in accordance with the real or prospective demand for it. But it would be a bad system, all the same, that would put it into the power of one national bank or a hundred, more or less, national banks, to say what the volume of paper currency should be. With the power to contract it offers too much temptation to do it.

In the light of the past attempts and failures, we do not think Congress will show much alacrity in falling into Secretary Gage's plan, if the two features mentioned be the leading features in it; and there is one thing pretty sure, that if the Republicans in the House should do him the courtesy to approve it, it stands no more chance of passing the Senate than Secretary Gage does of becoming the successor of Li Hung Chang.

MINOR MENTION.

The situation is becoming quite interesting in Ohio and as the election draws nigh it is quite apparent that Hon. Mark Hanna hasn't quite as dead sure thing on getting back to the Senate as he and his supporters some time ago thought he had. The Democrats do not seem to be making a Fourth of July, fireworks campaign, although Mr. Chapman, their candidate for Governor, and other speakers are making a warm, aggressive campaign. But Hanna's danger is in the disaffection in his own party and the absolute antipathy some of the leading Republicans of his State have against him. They recognize the fact that nearly everything in the campaign is subordinated to the election of a Hanna Legislature and this has filled them with disgust and the spirit of insurrection. Some of them are telling some scorching truths, which the Democrats are using with much effect, and which are doubtless having their influence upon that class of voters who are not tied to Hanna. Col. Conger, a life long Republican, an ex member of Congress and a personal friend of President McKinley (who is much grieved at his opposition to Hanna), some time a go issued an address to the Republicans of the State, in which he showed Hanna up in his true colors, and declared that the only way to preserve the Republican party of that State was to defeat him and make him powerless to do it further harm. The following is an extract from this address:

"The American Tin Plate Company sent a train-load of its employes to St. Louis to help nominate McKinley. McKinley was nominated, and in Hanna's tariff bill the duty on tin plate was raised to $1.50 a box, according to promise. Now, all the Tin Plate Trust have to do is to pay over to Hanna whatever amount they agreed upon shou'd be paid to this campaign fund, provided the duty should be restored. If they were to pay him $5,000,000 a year, they would still have a bonus of $10,000,000 to divide among themselves. Now, who pays this $15 000 000? Col. Hahn, Dick and Hanna are the absolute rulers of 4 000,000 people in Ohio. I have been in contact with the Democratic party many years, and I believe that it will be hard to find in that party in Ohio the equals in corruption of Hanna, Cox, Hann and Dick."

This is but one of a number of charges which Col. Conger makes against Hanna, and coming from a loyal Republican of recognized standing in the party Hanna's friends can't call them Democratic lies, and "that's what's the matter with Hanna."

* *

Few people whose attention has not been especially called to it have any idea how rapidly the electric railways in our cities have supplanted the horse railways, but very of which are left, although the electric railway is but little over ten years old. Ten years ago there were less than a hundred miles of such road in the United States, while now there are nearly 14,000 miles. There is scarcely a town of any size in the United States where street cars are needed, that has not its electric cars, and they are found in many towns that would not support horse cars. As showing the progress made the following from the *Western Electrician* will be found instructive and interesting:

	Jan. 1, 1888.	Jan. 1, 1897.
Total number operating street railway companies in United States,	615	800
Number of street railway systems operated by horses	556	167
Number of street railway systems operated by cable	18	88
Number of street railway systems operated by steam dummies (not including elevated)	35	33
Number of street railway systems operated by electricity	21	698
Mileage of horse car track	5,474	1,010
Mileage of cable track	217	515
Mileage of steam dummy track (not including elevated)	216	145
Mileage of electric track	86	13,580
Total mileage of street car tracks	5,993	15,250
Number horse cars	21,736	3,664
Number cable cars	2,777	5,957
Number steam dummies and cars	493	515
Number electric cars	172	37,097
Total number street cars, all descriptions	25,108	47,036

It took a good many horses to operate the lines of the 566 companies doing business in 1888, and consequently it is not strange that the demand for horses and mules has decreased. These roads made a pretty good market for them, as it didn't take more than a year or so to break down the animals, which had to be replaced with fresh ones. The horse has served his time in this business and the friend of the horse isn't sorry.

* *

In reply to Spain's complaint that this Government has not exercised due diligence in preventing and suppressing filibustering it is said that Secretary Sherman will show by facts cited that this Government has not only exercised all the diligence that international law or international usage requires, but a great deal more, and has put itself to much inconvenience and expense to show its friendly disposition and maintain its friendly relations with Spain. This bears out the contention of the friends of Cuba all along that this Government was showing one-sided zeal in the pursuit of alleged filibusters, frequently acting on mere rumors and the suspicions of the detectives employed by the Spanish Minister at Washington, who to impress their employer with their industry and efficiency scented a great many filibustering expeditions that did not exist. If this Government had done less, perhaps Spain would expect less, but having done so much, and become so subservient to the Spanish Minister she thinks it should have done more. The fact is that if this Government hadn't shown so much zeal trying to prevent the sailing of filibustering expeditions, and in pursuing them on the high seas, ten would have been fitted out to the one that has been and the Cubans would never have been hampered for want of arms and muaitions of war. Instead of compiaining Spain ought to be thankful.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Twenty people surged into the opera house at Keokuk, Iowa, the other evening to hear Hon Josiah Patterson uncork his patriotism. Josiah might save traveling expenses by writing personal letters to the deluded people.—*Washington Post, Ind*

—— European spinners appear determined to force five cent cotton, if they can. Some day, the South may absorb most of her own raw cotton for home manipulation, and then will twist the lion's tail with a vengeance and make the beast squeal.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— It is understood that the secretary of the treasury will embrace in his new currency scheme the proposition to sell $200,000,000 of gold bonds for cash to aid in retiring the greenbacks. Whether the greenbacks are retired or not Wall street is not going to own an admistration and then fail to get more bond issues out of it.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Justice is showing much laxity toward criminals nowadays, and many pleas in their defense are entertained that would not have been listened to in former generations, but it is still possible to draw the line. A Connecticut man on trial for embezzlement set up the plea that he was a victim of "masked epilepsy," and did not know what he was doing when he took the money, but he was convicted, nevertheless, and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. "Mask epilepsy," then, it appears, is not a good defence to a charge of theft.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Found in an Album—"Visitors invariably give pleasure. It not when they arrive, then when they leave."—*Figaro.*

— "Mrs. Podger has cured her husband of his dreadful snore."

"How did she do it?"

"She rigged up some rubber tubes so that he snored in his own ears."—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

— The Candidate—"Well, so long, Mr. Casey! I'm glad that those stories about me don't cut any ice with you."

The Citizen—"Divil a bit. Sure, the mon thot's runnin' ag'in you is ivery bit as bad."—*Puck.*

— Sybil—"I suppose, now that our engagement's broken off, we shall have to return everything we've received from each other?"

Jack—"Spose so."

Sybil—"I'll take back my kisses now then."

— Caller—"In yesterday's paper you said Miss Footlight was one of the most beautiful women on the stage Why didn't you print her picture?"

Editor—"We never take back what we say."—*Puck.*

— "I have about decided to marry Mr. Drestbeef," said one Chicago woman to another. "He is not at all handsome." "That is very true, but his exwives tell me that he never opposes a divorce suit."—*Judge*

— I don't know about lending you any more money. When I lent you money two months ago you said you only wanted it for a little while."

Nephew—"Well, I didn't keep it long."—*Tit-Bits.*

The statements of those who have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla prove the great merit of this medicine. Get only Hood's. †

— Lenoir *Topic*: Judge Green, in charging the grand jury Monday, stated, with emphasis, that perjury was the most common crime in North Carolina, and gave fair warning that he should have any one, who, during this term of court swore fasely presented to the grand jury. So yesterday, in trying a case, a negro woman from Mulberry, Ish Moore's wife, was committed to jail on a of perjury.

The Grandest Remedy.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

— Green
Carroll died
home near Haddock's
Friday morning, October 23d.

— *Webster's Weekly*: There is a musical engineer on the Southern Railroad. He imitates the whippoorwill and the owl and is said to play "Sweet Home" with the whistle on his engine. We have not heard the last named performance, but the whippoorwill call, heard a mile or two off, is weird and pretty and stirs the imagination.

Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: Complaints have recently been made to the postal authorities of the mysterious disappearance of four registered letters, mailed on different dates and which should have been transported over the star route between Roxboro, N. C., and Telephone, N. C., or a portion of that route. Postoffice Inspector H. T. Gregory recently began an investigation of these losses, which resulted in his taking into custody at Roxboro William E. Morris, mail carrier on said route, for the embezzlement of two valuable letters. Morris, when confronted with his crime and opened letters found upon his person, admitted his guilt and carried the inspector to where he had hid the money under a pile of lumber. When carried before United States Commissioner T. H. Daniel, Morris plead guilty and was committed to jail to await trial in the United States Court at Raleigh at the December term. —— The sale of apples around Waynesville this season has been something noteworthy. One man sold his crop on the trees for $1,200 and another sold his crop for $1,500.

BAKED BANANAS.

Here Is a Man Who Lives on Them and Grows Fat.

For nearly a dozen years Crioton Campbell has lived almost entirely upon baked bananas. Not only has he saved large sums in grocery and hotel bills, but he has grown fat and robust on his diet, and declares that he has scarcely known a sick moment since he discarded other food and began living on the tropical fruit.

Mr. Campbell is a clairvoyant, and has delved deeply in occultism, but he insists that that has nothing to do with his baked banana diet, and that any ordinary person can live and prosper on it.

Mr. Campbell learned the nutritive properties of the fruit when baked while studying in India. He noticed that all the laboring men seemed remarkably strong and vigorous, and upon inquiry found that they subsisted altogether upon baked plantains. He tried them himself, and with such good results that he has been a stanch advocate of them ever since.

"Take ordinary bananas," said Mr. Campbell to a reporter. "Don't peel them, but cut the ends off a quarter of an inch. Then lay them on a tin platter, and without any other addition bake them 15 minutes in a hot bake oven.

"When the bananas are soft, the skin will burst open like a baked apple. Then turn them over so that the underside will become perfectly soft and bake five minutes longer."

The bananas, according to Mr. Campbell, should be served extremely hot and on the same platter in which they were baked. Eat the juice which runs out of the bananas, then eat the meat of the fruit out of the skin with a teaspoon, together with graham bread and butter.

"Bananas cooked in this way are intensely fattening," declares the clairvoyant. "Three bananas," he says, "weighing 1 pound, are equal in nourishment to 26 pounds of bread. The true banana is a small variety of the plantain, and is never shipped to northern countries. What we buy as 'bananas' are the larger species, the plantains.

"Humboldt calculated that the enormous food product of the plantain is to that of the potato as 44 to 1, and to that of wheat as 188 to 1. Baked bananas are easily digested."—New York Press.

FREAKS OF THE MISSOURI.

Farmers Who Find Their Fields Have Disappeared Overnight.

In St. Nicholas Frank H. Spearman has a paper entitled "A Shifting Boundary," which tells of the way the Missouri river has of suddenly changing its boundaries. Mr. Spearman says:

Of course you've heard of the curious freaks of the Missouri river—the "Big Muddy;" how the sudden, treacherous mountain waters roll down in mighty floods from Montana and Wyoming, ricochet from side to side of the broad valley they have eaten into the soft prairies and pour headlong into the Mississippi near St. Louis; how, night and day, winter and summer, the twisting torrent shifts its channel, cuts its banks, undermines railroads, astonishes the muskrats, keeps the fish studying guideposts, worries the bridge guards and sets the farmers crazy, for, just think of it, the Nebraska farmer whose land stretches along the river goes to bed thinking he will cut his broad acres of golden wheat in the morning; but, lo, in the night that madcap river has entered his waving fields, and like snow they have melted away—grain, fences, trees, buildings, land, all gone! And a great, sullen, yellow flood boils and eddies where his harvest smiled yesterday.

Next week very likely the reckless stream will make his neighbor across the river a present of a hundred or more acres, just because he doesn't need them. Of course it was natural for a man who lost his land that way to look longingly across the river, and think after awhile that the newly made land over there belonged to him, and many a wearisome lawsuit has been begun to recover title to "made" land which lies maybe exactly where the lost farm lay, but on the other side of the river. Perhaps there is some equity in such a claim. But the trouble is that sort of thing is going on all the time, and the courts said they couldn't keep track of such pranks; that lands acquired by accretion—mark the word—should belong to the farmer who owned the river bank where they were thrown up; that if the river took your farm you would have to fish it out of the stream you lost it in. At least, you needn't ask the courts to give you another for it.

Bread and Old Age.

Sir Isaac Holden, the millionaire member of parliament from Yorkshire, now nearly 90 years old, believes with John Wesley that phosphates of lime, in which flour is so rich, are good for growing children, young people, young mothers, but shorten the life of the elderly, by making bones dense and weighty muscles rigid, "furring" the large blood vessels like an old boiler and "choking the capillary arteries." So he eats hardly any bread, his favorite food being oranges, bananas and meat. When he eats the latter, he eats nothing else. Roast apples, with a tiny pinch of bicarbonate of soda to correct the acidity, and milk similarly treated are important items of his dietary.

In London alone there are more than 100,000 young women between the ages of 20 and 35 serving behind the bar. Of these 400 are the daughters, sisters or nieces of clergymen, 200 are the daughters of army officers, while nearly as many are the daughters of physicians and surgeons.

In the public schools of Japan the English language is required to be taught by law. The brightest and most ambitious of the young men in the open ports and commercial cities of Japan are all eager to learn English as a passport to wealth, position and employment.

CONTROL.

— Green
Carroll died
home near Haddock's
Friday morning, October 23d.

In Use In the Regiment.

We found that the bicycle fever had reached even to our landlord, who was experimenting with an iron rimmed wheel, over which the saddle was supported by a pair of elliptic springs. L—— tried it and said it went very well, though not so soft as the "pneu." I lifted it and did not care to go farther. I told him it was too heavy. He said, "Mawknix; muss starker sein" (That's nothing; you must be stronger). Probably the extra weight of this wheel would not be considered in fixing the load that a Tyrolese peasant would carry over the hills from the fields and need not be regarded as an obstruction to sport. The wheels here are all much heavier than ours and much stronger. They can be sent up hill by the tougher thews that grow in this land, and for safety in going down hill they have very effective brakes. The best brake has two pieces of rubber about 2½ inches long and three-quarters of an inch square, which are held flat against the two quarters of the tire. It holds very firmly, and its friction does not come on the part that is subject to the greatest wear. It is used not with a steady pressure, but with successive light squeezes. When one becomes accustomed to it, it gives excellent control to any degree desired, even to holding the machine stock still under any load and on any grade. Even the usual flat brake has a rubber face, which holds better and lasts longer than metal. My American brakes were "not in it" on these hills as compared with those of the local wheels I rode.

The use of the brake is exacted by law in all towns, and it is almost universal on country roads. So is the furnishing of the wheel with a bell, but the better riders in Innsbruck do not use this in the city streets. They say they can make their way safely at a moderate speed if the people keep on their way, while if they are disturbed and made nervous by a bicycle bell they are liable to make some unexpected movement that may lead to a collision. I remember a case of mutual dodging at a street crossing in New York between myself and a lady whom my bell had startled which came near being annoying. Perhaps the custom in Paris of hanging a little sleighbell loosely from the handle bar is safer. It jingles all the time, somewhat to the annoyance of the rider. But it has a faint horse car suggestion which keeps the public on the lookout. Nowhere in Europe did I see the brutal quadrupedal scorching that is such a nuisance and such a danger with us.

Another device I found to be in very general use in Tyrol. This is a snap clip for holding the front wheel in line with the machine, so that it may be stood against a tree or any other support without falling. It is useful in pushing up hill with the hand on the saddle. The direction is changed by lifting the hind wheel to right or left. The clip is set or released in a moment.

As we left our lunching place we found the young towheads of the farm standing in mute and respectful wonderment about our wheels. We gave them a bit of a ride, two at a time, and left them enriched with the memory of a sensation they had never before known and will never repeat and will never forget.—Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., in Century.

Color Photography.

While most photographers are probably still inclined to view with suspicion or with positive incredulity the claims made by its inventor for the Chassagne process of producing pictures that duplicate the colors as well as the forms of nature by a purely chemical operation, yet some presumably hard headed English capitalists have demonstrated their entire confidence in the Parisian's solution of this old problem by purchasing from him the patent rights which he has obtained or applied for in all the countries that grant such rights. The syndicate's plan is to keep the process a strict monopoly. No one will be allowed to buy the formulas for preparing the four liquids by the use of which the colored photographs are produced, but in each country one or more agencies will be established where the liquids will be sold and instruction in their employment given. It will cost some money to secure such an agency.

The United States consul at Frankfort reports that an offer of £30,000 for the exclusive franchise in Germany has been refused by the London company. The consul, speaking apparently from his own knowledge, declares that, however mysterious the process is, the accuracy and beauty of its results cannot be questioned, while the practical application of it is so easy and should be so inexpensive as to open a new era in reproductive art.—New York Times.

Success In Sight.

"Dr. Henslow is one of the luckiest men I ever saw."

"Lucky! I don't know how you make him out lucky. He's to be tried for heresy and may lose his pulpit."

"That's just it. He wrote a book a few years ago that has never been heard of since it came from the publishers. Now that he is to be tried is will, of course, be one of the literary sensations of the day."—Cleveland Leader.

I would do what I pleased, and, doing what I pleased, I should have my will, and, having my will, I should be contented, and when one is contented there is no more to be desired, and when there is no more to be desired there is an end of it.—Cervantes.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c. or $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A LIFE SAVED

Recovered from Typhoid Fever and Regained Health.

CONCORD, N. C.—"I was in poor health after having typhoid fever. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken eight bottles and do not now feel like the same person. I believe it saved my life. I advise any one who is in a run down condition of health owing to impure blood or the effects of sickness to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial." KATE KIMMINGER.

Take only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure constipation 25 cents.

1831 *Sixty-Eighth Year.* 1898

THE

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Less Than a Cent a Week!

Send for Specimen Copies,

Which will be mailed Free, and see whether this enormous difference in cost should prevent your having the best. What account would you make of such a difference in buying medicine or food? Address,

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
ALBANY, N. Y.

oc 14 5t

Don't Eat Unless You Are Hungry.

There is a good old maxim which runs as follows, "In time of peace prepare for war," and this is as true in connection with the question of diet in health as in other things. Too many people assume that because they enjoy fairly good health, no improvement need be effected in their diet, but that this position is eminently untenable none who carefully consider the subject will deny. Those whose practice brings them into contact with the wealthier classes have frequently an opportunity of estimating the bad effects of improper diet. As regards the poor, they are unable to procure meat on account of their poverty, and, as a result, their diet is composed largely of carbohydrates. In the case of general sickness, or even without unfavorable climatic conditions, both classes seem to be unable to resist attacks of disease. It is for the most part the apparently healthy people who are so quickly stricken down by disease, while the chronic invalid may pass through unscathed, and yet no one seems to understand that conditions were present which predisposed the healthy man or woman to disease, and that these pre-existing conditions were largely due to want of attention to diet.

It would be well for those who feel so sure that they are in perfect health to consult a doctor for instructions how to avoid disease. One very common mistake is to eat when not hungry, simply because it is "meal time," an act not one whit less stupid than that of replenishing one's fire because one hears one's neighbor's coal scuttle rattling, regardless of the fact that there is plenty of coal already on, and that any addition thereto would be mischievous.—New York Ledger.

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Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern ℔	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	19	@	18
Northern ℔	18	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	46
Virginia Meal		@	46
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	26
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	10½
Dairy, Cream		@	11½
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	18
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	5 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 00
N C Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 10
First Patent	5 35	@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½@	@	8¼
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,	48	@	50
Car load, in bags—White		@	47½
Oats, from store		@	33
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Dry		@	6
Green		@	3
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	30
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½@	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5¾@	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@1	25
LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, sawed	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 55
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	80
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	40
On 120 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 80	@	2 25
Cypress Sawed	3 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¾
White Ex. C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	5 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	5 50	@	6 50
Inferior to Ordinary	4 00	@	5 50
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		@	3 00
℔ M 24 in. heart	7 50	@	8 50
Sap	5 00	@	5 50
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x30 Heart	5 00	@	6 50
Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	13

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oc 14 5t

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, October 26

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 28¾ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 28¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl bid for Strained and $1 25 bid for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 20 per bbl of 280 lbs. Brokers report sales at $1.15.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm; $1.50 per barrel for Hard, 2.00 for Yellow Dip and 2 00 for Virgin. Brokers' quotations, $1.40, 1 90, 1.90.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 25½; 25c; rosin firm, $1.45, 1.50; tar steady, $1 00; crude turpentine quiet, $1 80, 1.90, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	160
Rosin	779
Tar	334
Crude Turpentine	88

Receipts same day last year—85 casks spirits turpentine, 314 bbls rosin, 210 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market steady on a basis of 5⅝c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 3-16 cts ℔
Good Ordinary	4¼ " "
Low Middling	5 3-16 " "
Middling	5⅝ " "
Good Middling	5⅞ " "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—8 918 bales; same day last year 2,579.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1.15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $8.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26—Evening.—Money on call was easier at 1½ per cent., last loan at 2 and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾@486 for demand; 483¾@488 for sixty days. Posted rates 483½ and 486. Commercial bills 482. Silver certificates 57@58. Government bonds were quoted firmer; new fours, registered, 127½; new fours, coupon, 128@128½; fours, registered, 112¾@113¾; fours, coupon, 113¾@114½; twos, registered, 99; fives, registered, 114½@115; fives, coupon, 115¾@116¼. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 122; North Carolina fours 102

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine steady at 30½@31¼c

CHARLESTON, Oct. 26.—Spirits turpentine was

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Under One Umbrella.

The Philadelphia Times has a pretty little street picture from New Orleans:

On a quiet thoroughfare off St. Charles avenue there might have been seen during the heavy rain yesterday afternoon a shaggy Newfoundland dog carrying a spread umbrella in his mouth, his dripping tail sticking out from under and wagging complacently. Investigation revealed the fact that there was a little girl under the umbrella with the dog, her tiny arm thrown around his neck and the two tripping along most amicably.

"My name is Marie," said the little maid upon being questioned, "and this is Beauregard, my very own dog. Yes, Beaury goes to school with me. I go to the kindergarten, you know, and he always carries the umbrella if it's raining, because I can't, you see, and he can."

And the big umbrella sheltering the two friends passed on.

DANGER! Few appreciate the Danger to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial.

Mother's Friend

so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without the violent protest of Nausea, Headache, etc. Gloomy forebodings yield to hopeful anticipations, she passes through the ordeal quickly and with little pain, is left strong to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her, and the time of recovery shortened.

Sent by express, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS" mailed Free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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LEA & PERRINS'

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper

Lea Perrins

of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

Your Friend the ... **Kenwood Bicycle**

A Wheel You Can Depend Upon

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.
203-205-207 S. Canal St., Chicago.

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FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

INDIA CURRY.

A Hot Weather Use of the Condiment Not Generally Known to Americans.

The use of that wholesome condiment, curry powder, in the average American family is becoming greater each year. This powder has been in general use in England since the days of Warren Hastings, and Englishmen have become very fond of it, some sprinkling the curry from a holder as an American would pepper upon his food. People living where the heat of the climate makes it necessary to use stimulating condiments in their viands learn quickly to like a curried dish or anything with this powder in it.

Perhaps it is not generally known that slices of cold meat or fowl heated in a well seasoned curry sauce and served for luncheon on a hot summer's day are better for the stomach than the cold meats alone. A curry powder is used with great success in seasoning fish sauces and vegetable dishes as well as meats, and a little of this powder in soups adds to their flavor.

A curry powder is pulverized very fine and smooth and usually is prepared with the following spices: Twelve ounces of tumeric, an ounce of cayenne pepper, half an ounce of black pepper, the same of paprika, 6 ounces of ginger, half an ounce each of cardamom seed, cumulin seed, mace and cinnamon and 8 ounces of coriander seed. A bottle of the best imported India curry powder may be purchased at a small expense and will retain its strength for a long while if kept closely corked, rolled in thick paper or put in a dark place.

In the East Indies, where curries are so successfully made, an acid fruit is commonly and cocoanut is always used with the other ingredients, which would seem unusual to us, who are accustomed to associating cocoanut with delicate cakes and dainty puddings.

Here is one recipe for India curry: Break open a cocoanut, save the milk and grate half the nut meat. Pour over this half a cup of fresh milk and the cocoanut milk and let them stand in a cool place several hours. Take a boiled fowl and cut it into pieces of the proper size, removing the skin and bones and sprinkling the flesh lightly with salt. Cut a good sized onion into small pieces and put it into a frying pan with 3 tablespoonfuls of butter; cook five minutes; add half a chopped green pepper and cook five minutes longer; stir in 2 tablespoonfuls of flour and 2 teaspoonfuls of curry powder and stir until it is frothy; slowly add a pint of the liquid in which the chicken was cooked, after removing the grease carefully. Now press the milk from the grated cocoanut and add it to the other ingredients with a teaspoonful of sugar. Allow these to cook slowly ten minutes. Put into a saucepan the prepared meat and strain the curry sauce over it; add the juice of half a lemon; cover the pan and let the contents just bubble for 20 minutes; then serve. A few raisins or pieces of apricots are frequently added with the other ingredients; then the sugar and lemon may be omitted.—New York Sun.

The Old Plantation Organization.

From the industrial standpoint, the old plantation organization was a very perfect one. Great executive ability was required to manage it, and the lordly owner of these vast estates was far from the idle, sport loving or politics talking spendthrift that he is commonly supposed to have been. If he kept his property together and took care of all his dependents, he was a busy, hard worked man.

The model planter of those days produced at home everything that was needed to feed and clothe his slaves and, to a great extent, also, his own family. Except in a few sections of the south, where the lands were especially well adapted to rice, cotton or sugar and yielded such great profits that it paid the planter to devote all of his labor to their poduction alone, the wheat, corn and meat to feed the people, and, to a large extent, the cotton, wool and leather to clothe them, were produced and manufactured upon the plantations. Almost all large farms had gristmills and many had flouring mills. Nearly every large estate had its tannery and shoe factory, its blacksmith, wagon and implement shops, and its spinning and weaving factories also. The older plantations in the up country were filled with these and other kinds of industries, nearly all of which have since disappeared. The old planter and his dependents lived thus to a large extent upon the products of his estate, which were manufactured, in a somewhat crude way perhaps, upon the estate. Only the iron and steel, the finer groceries, a few medicines and some of the richer cloths for the use of the owner's family were purchased in the cities. Almost everything else was made upon the farm or purchased from the small factories belonging to the country.—Southern States.

The Russian Priest's Wife.

There is only one happy woman in Russia—the priest's wife—and it is a common mode of expression to say, "As happy as a priest's wife." The reason why she is happy is because her husband's position depends upon her. If she dies, he is deposed, and becomes a mere layman, and his property is taken away from him and distributed, half to his children and half to the government. This dreadful contingency makes the Russian priest careful to get a healthy wife, if he can, and makes him take extraordinarily good care of her after he has secured her. He waits upon her in the most abject way. She must never get her feet wet, and she is petted and put in hot blankets if she has so much as a cold in her head. It is the greatest possible good fortune for a girl to marry a priest, infinitely better than to be the wife of a noble.—New York Commercial.

At Church.

First Worshiper—Mercy, do you hear what a discord the tenor and the soprano are making in the duet?

Second Worshiper—And they are both splendid singers. The trouble is they are singing from a different page of the music book, and as they are not on speaking terms there's nothing to do but for each to sing the notes before him.—Boston Transcript.

VALIANT TAR HEELS

The Star Brigade at the Battle of Chickamauga.

[Written for the Star]

There were four, perhaps five, regiments of infantry and one regiment of cavalry from North Carolina in the army of the West, 1861-65, but these regiments were scattered in as many different brigades, so that identity was lost or at least so obscured that it is doubtful if many at the present day know that sons of the old North State shed their blood as freely in defence of Southern rights in Tennessee and Georgia as did their brothers who followed Jackson and Lee in the campaigns of the Army of Northern Virginia.

At the battle of Chickamauga there were present of North Carolina troops the Thirty ninth regiment, in McNair's (Arkansas) brigade; the Fifty-eighth, in Kelly's (Georgia and Kentucky) brigade; the Sixtieth, in Stovall's (Florida) brigade, and the Sixty-fifth (cavalry), in Davidson's (Georgia) brigade, of Gen. N. B. Forrest's corps.

No particular mention is made of any of these *regiments* in the official reports, only the brigades being referred to. The war correspondent of the Montgomery, Ala., *Advertiser*, however, in a letter published in that paper soon after the Battle of Chickamauga makes mention of the Thirty-ninth North Carolina regiment as follows:

"The band of heroes," he writes, "composing the Star brigade at Chickamauga, consists of the Thirty-ninth North Carolina under Col. Coleman, the First, Second and Fourth Arkansas dismounted cavalry, the Twenty fifth and Thirty-first Arkansas infantry, known as McNair's brigade, of Hood's division. In the command the North Carolinians were better known as the Tar Heels, perhaps from their tenacity of purpose as well as their having been enlisted in the piney woods of the Old North State.

"On Saturday, the first day of the battle of Chickamauga, at noon, this brigade was ordered to support Gen. Gregg's command, then sorely pressed, on the left of Hood's division. Gregg was holding his position with great difficulty against heavy odds. When ordered to advance McNair rushed over Gregg's line, the Thirty-ninth North Carolina and the Twenty-first Arkansas being led by Col. Coleman. The Federals gave way but in good order, and were driven not less than three-fourths of a mile. Gen. Gregg pronounced this charge one of the most brilliant achievements of the day. A Federal regiment which encountered the Thirty-ninth North Carolina and Twenty-fifth Arkansas was almost annihilated. These two skeleton regiments halted once to await support; but not receiving it they advanced through the woods into the open country, where their own weakness and the strength of the Federal lines became apparent. Coleman's command, having exhausted their ammunition, withdrew to Gregg's line of battle and encamped for the night.

"In the great battle of Sunday, McNair's brigade was on the left, next to Hood's division. At half-past nine they were lying behind an imperfect breastwork of fallen trees. A strong column of the enemy advanced upon them. They were received with a destructive fire, and falling back were charged by McNair's brigade and driven in confusion over two lines of breastworks into the open fields. On an eminence, two lines of Yankee batteries commanded the open space. Just before his men entered this broad field Gen. McNair was wounded. The gallant Col. Harper, of the First Arkansas, was killed and the command of the brigade devolved upon Col. Coleman. The brigade now diverged to the right, and, under the leadership of the gallant North Carolinian captured both the batteries. Eight of the pieces were at once taken to the rear and two others were afterward removed. Gen. Bragg gave Col. Coleman an order for three of these guns to attach to his command.

"These batteries were supported by a very strong Federal force; but McNair's brigade charged so rapidly, loading and firing as they went, that the Yankees were surprised and routed. The assault was ferocious and the victory complete.

"The Federal artillerists fought infinitely better than their infantry supports, actually throwing shell and shot with their own hands into the faces of our men when they could no longer load their pieces. The two batteries captured were about one hundred yards apart and when the guns were taken our men were compelled to move them off with the utmost rapidity.

"Col. Coleman was the first to place his hand upon a Federal piece, and the banner of the Thirty-ninth North Carolina was the first unfurled above them, cheer after cheer announcing the triumph of our gallant men, and then came the hurried withdrawal of the guns from their place in the Federal lines.

"Lieut. Col. Reynolds and Adjutant J. D. Hardin were just behind Col. Coleman when he reached the Federal guns. Hardin was shot through the neck.

"When the brigade fell back to our lines and had obtained supplies and ammunition it was again ordered forward to a height on the left to support Robinson's battery on the Lookout Valley road. With Johnson's brigade and Hindman's division on the right, and Manigault's on the left, Col. Coleman advanced to the closing fight of the day. By successive charges the enemy were driven slowly but steadily from the chain of hills which formed his position, and the battle closed. Two hours more of daylight, and this position of Rosecranz's army would have been annihilated.

"The loss of the brigade in killed and wounded was about forty per cent. The Thirty-ninth North Carolina entered the fight with two hundred and thirty-eight men and lost over one hundred. Col. Coleman's coat was pierced by a ball but he is unharmed."

Another regiment from North Carolina in the Western army was the Twenty-ninth, mentioned by Gen. Cleburne, as having fought with distinction in the Battle of Dalton, Ga.

After the battle of Chickamauga, in 1864, the 29th and 39th were in Ector's (Texas) brigade, commanded by Gen. D. Coleman, of the 39th; and the 58th and 60th were in Reynold's brigade.

It would be interesting perhaps to know more of Gen. (Evander) McNair, who commanded the Arkansas brigade, to which the 39th N. C. was attached at Chickamauga. Perhaps some of the friends of the STAR in Robeson or Richmond counties could give information.

ON AN OSTRICH FARM.

How the Nests Are Made and the Little Chicks Hatched.

In the course of an article on ostrich farming in California contributed to Pearson's Magazine the author, Mr. Edwin Causton, says:

"After the heavy winter rains a pair will commence making their nest. The cock first sets to work by resting his breastbone on the ground and kicking out the sand behind. When one side is sufficiently deep, he turns round and operates in like manner until a round hole about 8 feet in diameter and about a foot deep is the result. The hen then commences to lay, producing an egg every other day until 19 or 15 are in the next. In order to protect the embryo from the hot rays of the sun, it will be noticed that a little sand is placed on the top of each egg by the hen. This has possibly given rise to the supposition that an ostrich buries its eggs in the sand and leaves them for the sun to hatch, which is entirely untrue.

As soon as the full number of eggs are laid the couple share the work of hatching. The cock starts about 4 o'clock in the afternoon and remains on the eggs until about 9 o'clock the following morning. Then the hen takes his place. He never fails, however, to relieve his mate for about an hour in the middle of the day while she goes in search of some food and water. A good pair will follow this regime with the greatest regularity for 39 or 40 days, when the chicks may be heard in the shell.

In most cases the chicks can break the shell themselves, but very often the hen can be seen pressing on the egg with her breastbone, and so helping the youngster into the world; sometimes she can be noticed taking hold of the little head and quite roughly shaking the shell off him. When the chicks are taken from the old birds, they are allowed to run on a field of alfalfa (lucern) and kept warm at night in well covered boxes; on the third day they will pick up little pieces of gravel, small stones and broken bones and on the fourth or fifth day will commence picking the green alfalfa, which seems an ideal food for them, as the mortality is very small and their rapidity of growth remarkable—in fact, up to 6 months old they grow at the rate of one foot a month."

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Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 53 p m, Rockingham 7 20 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 25 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 20 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 55 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 30 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 28 a m, Wadesboro 6 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 30 a m, Shelby 11 a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Asheville 1 55 p m, Atlanta 8 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8 30 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 06 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 58 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 00 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 30 p m. Leaves Ruthersfordton 4 55 p m. Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 18 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 6 31 p m, Rockingham 10 05 p m, Hamlet 11 30 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 15 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m, Returning, leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m, Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 30 p m.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect October 10th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	11 10 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 21 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 28 "
Leave Sanford	12 56 p m
Leave Climax	2 49 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 18 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 49 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 19 "
Arrive Mt Airy	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. Daily.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	2 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 35 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. Daily.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 25 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. Daily.
Leave Fayetteville	4 45 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 02 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 18 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	8 26 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 23 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 23 "
Leave Climax	4 30 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 05 "

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 26, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 42—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 3.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 55 p m, Newbern 5 30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.49 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 15.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 5.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m,

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 3.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6 35 p m Savannah 12.35 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m,, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.38 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 55 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 3.30 a m and 2 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 10 p m returning leave Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrives Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 8.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 45 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 5.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.08 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 27

FRANCE AND GREAT BRITAIN.

Serious Complications Said to Have Arisen Between the Two Governments in West Africa.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, October 26.—The *Journal* says news from the Dahomey Hinterland is to the effect that complications are imminent at Nikki and elsewhere in Borgu, of which territory Nikki is the capital and which, it is claimed in England, belongs to Great Britain by virtue of a treaty concluded with the King of Borgu prior to the treaties made with that monarch by representatives of France. It is added, that on receipt of the news referred to, M. Lebou, the minister for the colonies, who is now in Senegambia looking after French interests, immediately dispatched reinforcements to Dahomey.

LAGOS, WEST COAST OF AFRICA, October 26.—A detachment of the West Indian regiment, stationed here, has started for the frontier of the Hinterland.

A semi-official statement regarding the reported trouble in West Africa was issued this evening. It says: "The news from West Africa foreshadows great difficulties in Nikki and in Borgu. The Niger Company (British) is sending officers there to incite rebellion and distribute arms to the natives. In view of this situation French troops have been dispatched to that district from Senegal as a preventive measure. Moreover, the British negotiators for a settlement of the Niger question have been in Paris for over a week and everything points to Great Britain seeking to let matters drag. Seemingly, she does not intend to discuss the question, but meanwhile means will undoubtedly be found to foil these tactics."

LONDON, October 26.—Replying to the semi-official statement concerning the dangerous state of affairs in West Africa issued in Paris this evening, the British colonial officials to-night declared that there does not seem to be any reasonable fear of complications at Nikki, "provided the French Government behaves reasonably." "But," it was added at the colonial office, "Great Britain has taken the determination to more effectually police her territory, and if the French persist in trespassing, complications will naturally ensue."

THE SPANISH NOTE.

It Will Not Be Made Public Until After the Assembling of Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 26.—Confirmation from official sources is given that the Spanish authorities at Madrid delivered to Minister Woodford last evening the answer of Spain to the representations of the United States contained in Mr. Woodford's instructions. Under these circumstances it is not doubted that the United States Minister has advised the authorities here on the essential features of the reply. The text of the reply is known to be very lengthy, so much so that is doubted whether the full answer will be sent by cable. If this is attempted, however, it will be a long and laborious process of translation and transmission, the original Spanish being translated first into the English, then reduced to cipher, then cabled, then translated back from cipher to English.

As the actual delivery of the document into Mr. Woodford's hands did not occur until late yesterday, these processes would delay the receipt of the text probably beyond to-day if any attempt was made to cable it in full.

The statement is re-affirmed by officials that no publicity of the Woodford instructions or of Spain's answer will be made at Madrid or Washington until after the assembling of Congress, and it is generally believed that the two governments have reached an understanding as to holding back the letters for the present.

AUTONOMY A FAILURE.

Conservatives in Cuba Strongly Oppose the Policy of the Sagasta Cabinet.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, October 26.—The failure of the autonomist policy of the new Spanish cabinet seems more and more apparent every day. Dissensions are known to exist among the Autonomist leaders and the Conservatives have pronounced themselves strongly opposed to the granting of an autonomist form of government to Cuba and have, so to say, washed their hands of the consequences which may follow if the government at Madrid persists in carrying out the plans of Premier Sagasta.

The Conservatives last night held a meeting in this city, lasting four hours, at which several speeches were made in opposition to the policy of autonomy for Cuba, and it was unanimously agreed that the Conservative party should energetically oppose autonomy and the policy of the Sagasta Cabinet in this direction. The Conservatives also criticised their president, the Marquis Apezteguia, who is now in Madrid, for his autonomical declarations.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Quiet in All Lines—Woollen Goods Well Supported.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 26.—Dry goods are quiet in all lines again this week. It was hoped that an increase in interest in some grades would be noticed, but so far has failed to materialize. The lack of seasonable weather has undoubtedly had much to do with the current dullness, but the reticence of buyers is also attributed in no small degree to the current belief that the low price of cotton gives the manufacturers of cotton goods an opportunity to make money at current prices, and that there will be many opportunities to purchase before prices are advanced. Woollen goods on the other hand, are well supported, and the utmost confidence is evinced by sellers as to the future of the woollen goods trade.

SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Passenger Train Wrecked on the Norfolk & Western—Engineer Killed—No Passengers Hurt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BLUEFIELDS, W. VA., October 26.—The Norfolk & Western passenger train No. 12, from Columbus, O., to Norfolk, Va., was wrecked near Welsh this afternoon. The engine, mail car and baggage car went down an embankment about twelve feet, turning over on their sides. Engineer A. J. Mayo was killed, and Fireman Frank Biggs had his right hand cut off. Mail Clerk Bowles was slightly injured. No passengers were hurt. The accident was caused by a broken rail.

IT IS BETTER to take Hood's Sarsaparilla than to experiment with unknown and untried preparations. We know Hood's Sarsaparilla actually and permanently cures.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

THE FEVER INCREASING.

FIFTY-NINE NEW CASES IN NEW ORLEANS AND ELEVEN DEATHS.

Ten New Cases and One Death at Montgomery—No New Cases at Selma, Ala.—Appearance of the Disease at New Albany, Miss.—Suspicious Cases at Winne, Ark.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., October 26.—The official report of the Board of Health to-day gives ten new cases and one death. Cases previously reported, 60; reported to-day, 10—total, 70. Deaths previously reported, 4; reported to day, 1—total, 5.

Every case so far reported can be traced to the original case in the first ward.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct. 26.—As to appeals for aid for yellow fever sufferers in Montgomery, the citizens request that it be said for them that there is no great amount of suffering here now. At a meeting of the citizens held to-day over eleven hundred dollars was subscribed and paid, in a few minutes. Any Montgomerians abroad wishing to contribute can do so, and it will be thankfully received, but Montgomery does not intend that any idea shall go to the world that she is appealing to the public for assistance. She can and will take care of her people.

The official report on yellow fever from Selma for to-day says there are no new cases, and there has been but one death. Only one person is seriously sick and two of the five cases will be discharged to morrow. There was a light frost this morning.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., October 26.—The Board of Health to-day quarantined against Bald Knob and Winne. At Winne there are two cases of suspicious fever, the patients being children of a refugee, a railroad man from Memphis. The local physician advised the State Board that the cases possess the symptoms of yellow fever, but as he is not an expert he awaits an investigation. All towns are taking quarantine measures against Winne.

MERIDIAN, MISS., October 26.—Dr. H. S. Gulley, State health officer, is in receipt of a telegram officially announcing yellow fever at New Albany, Miss. The dispatch adds that the town has been depopulated.

MOBILE, ALA., October 26.—Three new cases of yellow fever were announced to-day, the smallest number since the first week of the appearance of the fever. No deaths have occurred in Mobile proper in the past ninety-six hours.

NEW ORLEANS, October 26.—Past the half-century mark, the number of cases had gone to-day by night-fall. The deaths at that time had not been so numerous, but since reached eleven. The new cases were developed from various sections of the city. There is no longer any attempt to establish foci. Cases appear where there has never been fever before, and the doctors say simply that the germs are flying around and that cases are not to be restricted by municipal or telegraphic boundaries. The new cases began to appear very early to-day. Last night's record, exceeding in deaths that of any other day and almost equalling in number of new cases the record of any previous day, was very bad, yet things this evening were not encouraging.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 26.—To-day's yellow fever record in this city is seven new cases and no deaths.

More than a thousand people have left the city within the last twenty four hours. Dr Thornton, president of the Board of Health, in an interview to-night said that he does not anticipate an epidemic; in fact, he can see no cause for serious alarm. A cold wave is predicted within thirty-six hours, and the health officer believes that the disease has reached its worst stage so far as Memphis is concerned.

SCRANTON, MISS, October 26.—New cases, 13; deaths, 3.

BATON ROUGE, LA., October 26.—One case, and one suspicious case.

BAY ST. LOUIS, MISS, October 26.—Ten new cases and one death.

BILOXI, MISS, October 26.—The Board of Health reports yellow fever cases under treatment, 37; new cases, 14; total yellow fever cases to date, 541; total deaths to date, 21.

MCHENRY, MISS., October 26.—One new case and one death.

OPELOUSAS, LA., October 26.—There is considerable fever in Opelousas, but a difference of opinion exists among physicians as to the nature of it.

ENGLAND'S WAR IN INDIA.

Tribesmen Massing a Large Force at Semphaga Pass—British Lines of Communication Attacked.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SIMLA, October 26.—It is estimated that the tribesmen have massed 20,000 men at Semphaga pass, where they are busy making rifle-pits and strengthening their defences. It is generally believed, however, that it will be possible to turn the position by either flank, and though hard fighting is possibly in store, it is hoped that the pass will be carried without great effort.

Meanwhile it is bad news that the tribesmen have begun to operate on the British lines of communication. The fear is that finding this the most successful means of delaying the British advance, they will detach still larger bodies to attack the British convoys and cut up the escorts.

This (Tuesday) evening the tribesmen harrassed the British camp near Khangabur by a constant well directed fire for several hours. Nearly thirty non-commissioned officers and men were slightly wounded. A telegraph wire was cut close to the camp.

WIND AND SNOW AT DENVER.

Damage to Property Estimated at Over $100,000—Railroads Completely Blocked.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., October 26.—Denver was to-day and last night the centre of a big wind and snow storm, doing damage to property estimated to exceed in the aggregate a hundred thousand dollars. The greatest damage is sustained by the electric light and telephone companies. One company has 4,000 miles of wires down. Most of the railroads are completely blocked. The storm was most severe between Denver and Pueblo, but it extended to southern Wyoming, northeastern Utah and western Kansas and Nebraska. Considerable damage occurred in Cripple Creek, where mining operations were interfered with to an extent. The storm came so suddenly that ranchmen did not have an opportunity to shelter their stock, but the fall in temperature is not considered by experts great enough to endanger the lives of cattle. The city is in darkness to-night as the mayor compelled the electric light company to cut of all its circuits on account of their dangerous condition.

The following fourth class postmasters were appointed yesterday: North Carolina—Aoex, N. Hollman; Clover, J. M. Patman; Seaboard, W. P. Coats.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Henry George Forces Decide Not to Invite Wm. J. Bryan to Come to New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, October 26.—The campaign committee of the Henry George forces decided to-night after a long meeting not to formally invite William J. Bryan to come to New York. It was stated that the Henry George forces believe they now have Tammany at a disadvantage in this respect. They claim that Mr. Bryan has declined to come in response to an invitation from Tammany, and this they claim is practically a triumph for Henry George. If Bryan were asked to come in the interests of Henry George and should refuse, the Georgeites argue that it would reduce them to the level of Tammany in Bryan's estimation. Of course, said a prominent member of the committee, if Mr. Bryan decides to come here and make a speech for Mr. George, he will be too glad to welcome him. We will meet him at the train with a band and a procession and make his stay real pleasant. But we shall not invite him. If he wants to come let him be the judge.

Henry George spoke in the Ice Palace on Upper Lexington avenue to-night to a large and noisy audience. After the cheering had subsided, Mr. George, among other things, said: "Yes, I remember 1886. I remember the courage and devotion which elected me then. I remember how by adjuncture of corrupt combinations I was counted out then. No, I shall not be counted out now. This time the laws are much better than then. We shall be more careful as to the watchers at the polls. This time every vote will be counted."

The executive committee of the Citizens' Union to-night continued its work of selecting witnesses to place in the polling places to watch the count. The judges of election are under the law appointed by the regular Democratic and Republican organizations and occasional rumors of deals have induced the Citizens' Union to take action. They say that the men placed in the polling places will be of more than ordinary intelligence and fully posted as to their rights. Many will be law students.

Union No. 340 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, announced to-day, through its president, secretary and board of trustees, that it will support Seth Low.

A number of men who last year formed the Business Men's Republican and Sound Money Association met at the Citizen's Union headquarters to-night and passed resolutions indorsing Seth Low. Twenty-eight out of the thirty-five trade organizations in the sound money parade were represented, eight in person and twenty by proxies.

The Henry George Campaign Committee to night issued a statement in which John Z. White, candidate for Congress in a Chicago district last Fall, expresses his opinion of Carter Harrison and his approaching visit to New York. Mr. White says Harrison's election as mayor of Chicago was purely accidental. He attributes it solely to the fact that Mr. Harrison was the son of his father. He says Harrison is not Jeffersonian in his ideas but of the class of which Richard Croker, David B. Hill, and Mike McDonald of Chicago, are types. Mr. White says the Chicago corporations used their influence to elect Harrison because they feared Harlan, and that Harrison has betrayed the Bryan men.

A Republican mass meeting was held in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, to-night under the auspices of the McKinley war veterans, in the interests of the ticket headed by General Tracy. In point of numbers the meeting was hardly up to the mark of those which have preceded it, but there was no lack of enthusiasm. Several veterans of local prominence spoke before the arrival of Corporal James Tanner and General Tracy, who reached the hall late and addressed the meeting.

ATLANTIC COAST STORM

Canal Last Night Off Hatteras—A Large Steamer Stranded at Cape Henry, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., October 26.—The storm that has prevailed throughout this section for three days is central to-night off Hatteras, and the barometer is slowly rising there. There has been a remarkably heavy rainfall and the high tides again flooded the lower streets of the city to-day.

The schooner Benedict, from Boston to Baltimore, had to anchor off Cape Henry and she lost her anchor and cable. The ship reported dismasted off Kitty Hawk is supposed to be the Mathilda, abandoned by the tug Luckenbach, which rescued the crew.

CAPE HENRY, VA., October 26.—A large steamer stranded at 10 30 o'clock this evening at Cape Henry, immediately in front of the Weather Bureau office. The vessel is well in shore and resting easily. There is a very high sea running, which prevents the life-saving crew from launching their boats. She is thought to be a passenger steamer. The weather is heavy, with a light rain and wind northeast—thirty-six miles. No particulars can be obtained until daylight.

WASHINGTON, October 26.—The *Post's* special from Norfolk says: The tug Walter A. Luckenbach, Captain Willen, which left Key West ten days ago for New York with the disabled Norwegian sailing ship Mathilda in tow, has arrived, bringing details of the wreck of her tow about fifty miles southeast of Cape Henry. In the storm of Sunday the Mathilda weakened, her sternpost gave way and her rudder was lost. The planks in her sides and decks began to bulge, and she was rapidly breaking to pieces. Without rudder and in her condition, it was impossible for the Luckenback to hold on to her course and the only thing to do was to abandon her. The crew of the ill-fated vessel was saved by means of ropes. These were shot over the ship, and one by one the men tied them to their bodies and then jumped overboard, being hauled through the heavy seas to the tug. The whole crew of seven were saved in this way and brought to Norfolk. It is thought that the Mathilda will be a total loss. She was recently purchased by Mr. Luckenbach, of New York, after she had been partially wrecked.

PHILADELPHIA, October 26.—It was learned to-day that the Italian barque Francesco R., which sailed from this port October 18th for Oporto, had gone ashore eighty miles below the city Sunday night in the storm. The vessel's master and eleven of the crew of twelve men reached this city to-night after a day and night of thrilling escapes from death. The twelfth man of the crew, a seaman, refused to leave the ship and in all probability is lost. The cargo is lost.

Various other minor casualties are reported as a result of the storm.

A CABINET MEETING

Devoted to the Forthcoming Report of Secretary Gage—The Spanish-Cuban Question Not Brought Up.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 26.—The session of the Cabinet was devoted to the forthcoming report of Secretary Gage. The secretary went over the entire scope and character of this report, giving in considerable detail, the subjects which would be treated and something of the manner in which they would be discussed.

The Spanish-Cuban question was not brought forward. It was stated that Minister Woodford had not yet cabled the reply of Spain, and also that there was nothing new in the situation.

The President has appointed William B. Sorsby, of Mississippi, consul at San Juan del Norte (Greytown), Nicaragua.

RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS.

TRIAL OF THE CASE OF PEARSON VERSUS S. OTHO WILSON.

Judge Robinson Gave Judgment for the Plaintiff Before Counsel Had Concluded Argument—Supreme Court Decisions—The Circus—Heavy Rains.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., October 26.

Judge Robinson this morning, in Wake Superior Court, gave judgment for the plaintiff in the case of J. H. Pearson against S. Otho Wilson for possession of the office of Railway Commissioner. The judgment came very much as a surprise, for counsel in the case had not concluded argument. It was evident that the judge had made up his mind in the matter. J. C. L. Harris completed his speech this morning in behalf of the defendant, S. Otho Wilson. When Judge Avery arose to conclude the argument, Judge Robinson told him that it was useless to proceed further, as he would decide the case in favor of the plaintiff.

Dr. J. J. Mott has awoke from his long sleep. Mott's sudden appearance in the political horizon is like the coming of the dead. The Iron Dake has written a Populist letter to the Governor, in which he commends his course in his warfare on railways. He says as long as there are railways the people will never be able to change the money laws.

It has been raining continuously here for seven days and there is no indication of a let up. It was thought that we would have fair weather after the State Fair was through.

Wallace's circus is in this neighborhood and exhibited in Louisburg yesterday. It will not come here. The Robinson and Wallace divided territory and they will not interfere with each other.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Supreme Court decisions to-day:

Carey vs. Allegood, from Craven, proceeding dismissed for want of jurisdiction in the court below.

Burrus vs. Insurance Co., from Craven, new trial.

Monroe vs. Fuchtler, from Wayne, affirmed.

Scott vs. Smith, from Wayne, injunction dissolved and action dismissed.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

New Proposition of the Reorganization Committee Believed to be Acceptable to the Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 26.—Although the Government officials decline either to affirm or deny the report of its acceptance of the new proposition of the reorganization committee of the Union Pacific railroad, there is no reasonable doubt of its accuracy. This proposition is understood to be an increase of the original guarantee bid of $50 000,000 to a sum sufficient to cover the full amount of the Government's claim against the Union Pacific road proper, which on October 1st, aggregated $58 067,398. This includes the principal of the debt which amounts to $37,236,512, and the balance of the interest paid by the United States amounting to $20,830,886. The sale of this line will be proceeded with as originally intended about November 1st.

As to the Kansas Pacific road, the committee withdrew its guarantee and consents to postponement of the sale to any date to suit the convenience of the Government.

MISS CISNEROS' RESCUER.

Entertainment Given Karl Decker by Newspaper Workers at Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 26.—Karl Decker, who rescued Miss Cisneros from a prison in Havana, was the guest of honor at a dinner given in his honor to-night by his fellow-newspaper workers at Washington. The decorations of the banquet room were of a most elaborate character, in which chrysanthemums and palms predominated. Nearly one hundred guests were present, among them being a number of Mr. Decker's intimate friends not engaged in newspaper work. The guest of honor sat at the head of the table, and Mr. Angus McSween introduced Mr. Harry L. Merrick, who acted as toastmaster. Amos J. Cummings, of New York, Mr. Decker and several others made speeches.

BOGUS INDIAN WARRANTS.

The Government at a Loss to Know Upon Whom Will Fall the Loss.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 26.—Government officials are at a loss to know on whom will fall the loss by the $90,000 worth of bogus warrants on account of the Creek Indian payment, which are now out. The government will not lose anything but the money on all these warrants has been paid out in an intermediary way. Whether the Creek nation, which is said to have paid some money on the warrants, or outsiders known to have cashed a part of them on a premium as brokers, or others, will be the ones to stand the loss, is not known. Secretary Bliss stated to-day that while there are about $90,000 worth of bogus warrants out for the Creek payment they had not been paid.

SPAIN'S FUNDS EXHAUSTED.

A Fresh Large Loan Necessary—The Cuban War Causes a Monthly Expenditure of Forty-five Million Pesetas.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, October 26.—The Frankfort *Zeitung* to-day publishes a dispatch from Madrid which quotes the Spanish Minister of Finance as saying that a fresh large loan is necessary, as the funds of Spain will be exhausted in June, 1898. The Cuban war, the Finance Minister is said to have added, puts his country to a monthly expense of 45,000,000 pesetas, and the civil and military departments of Spain are behind in their payments.

WARM WIRELETS

Dr. Godfrey Hunter, of Kentucky, has accepted the mission to Guatemala and will be appointed soon after the election in Kentucky.

In a church panic at the village of Khuieiff, Russia, fifty-four persons were trampled to death and eighty others seriously injured.

The bodies of two more victims of Sunday's railroad wreck on the N. Y. Central have been found. One was that of Fireman Tomkins, the other an unknown man. The dead now number twenty.

Policeman Frederick Smith was shot and killed in New York at 1 o'clock this morning by Fritz Mayer. The policeman caught the man robbing a poor box in the Church of the Redeemer at Third street and avenue B.

The State Department at Washington has been informed that the Emperor of Korea, on assuming the imperial title, also proclaimed a change of name of the country itself, from Cho Sen which it has borne hitherto, to Han, which name it is to bear in the future.

Wickham's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Lost—Check No. 731, drawn by The Wilmington Savings and Trust Co. on The Atlantic National Bank in favor of E. D. Wessell, dated Sept. 25, 1897; amount $180. All persons are cautioned against cashing said check, as application has been made for duplicate. E. D. Wessell. oc 24 4t*

Ship your country produce to L. Tate Bowden. He has no specialty, but handles everything. oc 9 15t

All Wool Carpets at prices that will surprise you. The best Ladies' Black Hose at 25 cents per pair ever sold in this city. Other bargains too numerous to mention, at J. J. Shepard's, 18 Market street. oc 17 tf

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco, New River Oysters in any style. Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

M. C. Benson has removed to 106 Dock street, where he solicits consignments of all classes of country produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. oc 8 tf

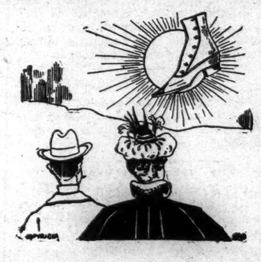
If you want to drink something that is good and refreshing, you should buy your Teas and Coffees from the Atlantic Tea Company, corner of Front and Market streets, where you can rest a sured that you always get the best. oc 8 tf

Notice—I attend to the collection of monthly accounts as well as the collection of rents. All collections made promptly and returns made when desired. Wm. Sheehan, Jr., 122 Princess street. sep 30 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. e31



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HIGHEST CASH PRICE

AT OUR MILLS IN

Wilmington or Washington, N. C.

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SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

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Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

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Nutt and Mulberry streets.

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ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 5.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
Superintendent.

sep 23 t

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oc 3 4t sun

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Dixie Oil Company.

S. P. SHOTTER, President.

Wilmington, Sept. 29, 1897.

sep 29 tf

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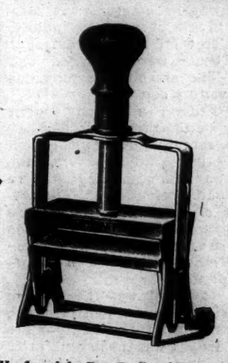

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Wm. E. Worth & Co.

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Read the Prices Quoted.

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Cloth Shades in colors, size 3x6 feet, only 25 cents each.
Cloth Shades in colors, size 3x7 feet, only 30 cents each.

WINDOW SHADES:

PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x6 feet, only 55c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x7 feet, only 65c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x8 feet, only 75c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x9 feet, only 85c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 40 inches wide by 6 feet long, 75c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 40 inches wide by 7 feet long, 85c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 40 inches wide by 9 feet long, $1.00.

Don't forget those WOOL CARPETS at 59c yard.
75 prices Upholstery Goods, Damask, Brocatelles, Velours and Tapestries, 50, 75c, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 yard.

CLOAKS AND CAPES.

We have our full line of KID GLOVES in black and colors—for Ladies and Gentlemen.

The largest line LADIES' DRESS GOODS ever shown in Wilmington.

Blankets, Ladies' Children's and Men's Underwear.

Fifty rolls Matting just received.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

oc 17 tf

DO YOU NEED A CARPET?

BEING OVERSTOCKED ON

INGRAIN AND EXTRA SUPER CARPETS

We will offer during this week 5c off on every yard we sell. This is a bargain. We also have a complete line of

Brussels, Velvet and Moquet Carpets.

Special values are offered this week in

Art Squares, Rugs, Blankets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c., &c.

New Wraps for Ladies and Children.

FULL LINE OF BRAID FOR DRESS TRIMMINGS.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

WEAR THE W. B. CORSET. No. 9 North Front street. oc 10 tf

Coal! Coal!!

We Are Exclusive Sales Agents in Wilmington for the Celebrated Pocahontas Coal,

Which is Conceded to be the Best Coal Mined.

We also have a fine stock of the popular

Jellico Lump Coal

from Tennessee, which makes a very fine open grate Coal.

In hard Coals we have a very heavy stock in high grade RED ASH and WHITE ASH, egg stove, chestnut and furnace sizes. If you appreciate good service, accurate weights and clean first-class Coal call up No. 42, either Bell or Inter-State Phones.

J. A. SPRINGER & CO

oct 16 f

Special Sales Week AT REHDER'S,

Near Fourth St. Bridge,

Monday, Oct. 25th, TO Saturday, Oct. 30th.

Greatest Bargains Ever Offered.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. oc 24 tf

STATEMENT OF ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business Oct. 5th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$809,944 70	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	80 99	Surplus	$55,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	55,000 00	Undivided profits	14,106 70—69,106 70
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00		69,250 00
Due from other Banks	307,586 98	Circulation	688,088 97
Cash on hand	56,748 30—364,330 12	Total Deposits	
Total	$931,704,77	Total	$931,704 7

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Oct. 5th, '95.	Oct. 5th, '96.	Oct. 5th, '97
Deposits	575,000	$646,000	$688,000
Surplus and Net Profits	50,100	52,800	69,100
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. oc 10 tf